## **LOADS**

## Aircrete anchor GB

Highest permissible loads<sup>1)</sup> for a single anchor in aerated concrete.

The given loads are valid for fischer-safety screws<sup>4)</sup> acc. attached table.

For the design the complete approval Z-21.2-123 has to be considered.

Туре			GB 8	GB10	GB14
Min. spacing 7)	s <sub>min</sub>	[mm]	150 (100) <sup>8)</sup>	200 (150)8)	300 (200) <sup>8)</sup>
Min. edge distance <sup>2)</sup>	c <sub>min</sub>	[mm]	100 (75) <sup>8)</sup>	150 (100) <sup>8)</sup>	200 (150)8)
Min. edge distance to solidified joints <sup>6)</sup>	c <sub>min</sub>	[mm]	9	10	12
min. member thickness	h <sub>min</sub>	[mm]	75	100	2005)
Anchorage depth	$h_{ef}(h_{v})$	[mm]	50	55	75
Permissible load in the respective base material F <sub>perm</sub> <sup>3)</sup>					
Aerated concrete	PB2, PP2 (G2)	[kN]	0,20	0,25	0,40
Aerated concrete	P3,3 (GB3,3)	[kN]	0,30	0,50	0,80
Aerated concrete	≥ PB4, PP4, P4,4 (≥ G4, GB4,4)	[kN]	0,40	0,60	0,90
Tensile zone of aerated concrete roof- and ceiling slaps acc. DIN 4223 $\geq$ P3,3 (GB3,3)		[kN]	-	-	0,30

<sup>2)</sup> Minimum permissible edge distance.

Required safety factors are considered.

The minimum member thickness of aerated concrete roof- and ceiling slaps is 150 mm.

loads, shear loads and bending moments see approval. 4) gvz and A4.

Valid for tensile load, shear load and oblique load under any angle. For combinations of tensile

Only in aerated concrete walls.

Minimum possible axial spacing while reducing the permissible load.

Values in brackets apply to PB2, PP2 (G2).